

Ahead of the Curve

Banxico's minutes will provide more information on the upcoming decision

- Banxico's minutes (March 30th).** In its last decision, the Board increased the reference rate by 25bps to 11.25%, in line with expectations. We believe the tone was less hawkish considering: (1) A unanimous decision, despite some possibility of a dissenter pushing for a higher rate; (2) changes in the forward guidance, talking about the next hike with hints of probability; and (3) modest adjustments to inflation forecasts, noting the one for the headline lower. As such, our attention will center on factors that will drive the decision for members, which will likely include price dynamics (both present and future), the relative monetary stance vs. the US –albeit with this factor seemingly losing some importance–, recent performance of domestic assets (mainly the MXN) and the overall evaluation of the tightening already accomplished
- Industrial production (March 30th).** We anticipate the figure at 3.3% y/y, up from the 2.8% of the previous month. More importantly, this result implies +0.5% m/m, rebounding after a mild stagnation in the previous month. We believe several factors would be behind the recovery, including: (1) Lower pressures from input prices; (2) some resilience in external demand; and (3) a favorable outlook for several sectors. As such, we expect strength to center in mining (0.9% m/m) and construction (0.4%), with a moderate decline in manufacturing (-0.3%)

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Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA
Executive Director of Economic Research and
Financial Markets Strategy
juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com

Francisco José Flores Serrano
Director of Economic Research, Mexico
francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com

Yazmín Selene Pérez Enríquez
Senior Economist, Mexico
yazmin.perez.enriquez@banorte.com

Cintia Gisela Nava Roa
Senior Economist, Mexico
cintia.nava.roa@banorte.com

Document for distribution among the
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Mexico weekly calendar

DATE	TIME (ET)	EVENT	PERIOD	UNIT	BANORTE	CONSENSUS	PREVIOUS
Tue 11-Apr	8:00am	Industrial production	February	% y/y	<u>3.3</u>	--	2.8
		sa		% m/m	<u>0.5</u>	--	0.0
		Mining		% y/y	<u>3.4</u>	--	-3.5
		Utilities		% y/y	<u>4.9</u>	--	4.5
		Construction		% y/y	<u>4.5</u>	--	3.0
		Manufacturing		% y/y	<u>2.7</u>	--	4.8
Tue 11-Apr	11:00am	International reserves	Apr-5	US\$ bn	--	--	202.3
Tue 11-Apr		Wage negotiations	March	%	--	--	8.4
Thu 13-Apr	11:00am	Banxico minutes	Mar-30				
Thu 13-Apr		ANTAD: Same-store sales	March	% y/y in real terms	--	--	-1.0

Source: Banorte; Bloomberg

Proceeding in chronological order...

Rebound in industry in February, spurred by mining and construction. We anticipate industrial production at 3.3% y/y, up from the 2.8% of the previous month. With seasonally adjusted figures we anticipate +3.3% y/y, higher than the 2.9% within [INEGI's Timely Indicator of Economic Activity](#). More importantly, this result implies +0.5% m/m, rebounding after a mild stagnation in the previous month. We believe several factors would be behind the recovery, including: (1) Lower pressures from input prices; (2) some resilience in external demand; and (3) a favorable outlook for several sectors. As such, we expect strength to center in mining and construction, with a moderate decline in manufacturing.

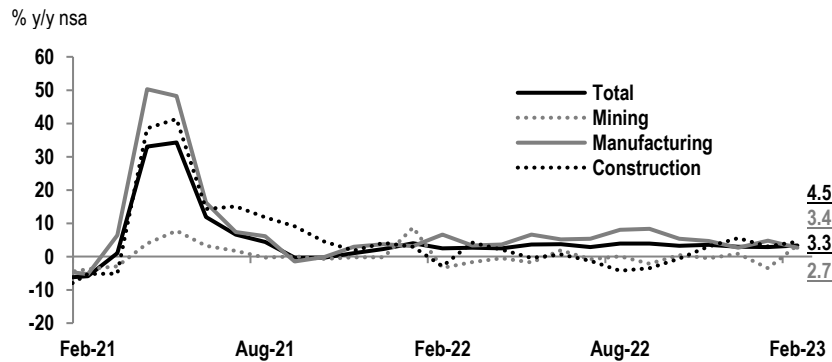
Mining would grow 0.9% m/m (3.4% y/y), with momentum concentrated in both the oil and non-oil sectors. On the former, according to the CNH crude oil extraction declined at the margin to 1,642k bpd (previous: 1,648), although with gas stronger at 5,003mcfpd (previous: 4,984), with the latter explaining the improvement. In the latter, we expect some resilience to have remained despite a slight moderation in prices, with expectations of a more modest global slowdown supporting demand. On the contrary, we continue to expect a negative impact on 'related services', considering a relatively marginal adjustment in the previous month.

Construction would advance 0.4% (4.5% y/y), benefiting from a favorable base –after a 1.0% decline in the previous month– and supported by positive signals. In this sense, we believe that the sector continues to benefit from [nearshoring](#) efforts. Opinion indicators were better, with gains in business confidence and in the aggregate trend indicator. Employment was also positive, with seasonally adjusted figures (using in-house models) showing significant gains with both IMSS and [INEGI](#) data. However, a negative effect from prices would persist, with PPI for the sector stringing a second month of sequential increases after substantial declines in 2H22.

Finally, manufacturing output would fall 0.3% (2.7% y/y), impacted by a challenging base. In addition, timely data has shown mixed signals. Overall, IMEF's manufacturing PMI showed an increase to 51.2pts, highlighting advances in production. [Manufacturing exports](#) declined 6.0% m/m, with weakness centered in the auto sector. However, we remain cautious considering that the strong advance in the previous month did not translate into a substantial boost in production either. Meanwhile, manufacturing in the US maintained some resilience at 0.1%, providing some support. Locally, auto production according to AMIA rebounded 4.8% m/m, after falling 4.2% in January. In addition, employment signals remained favorable, with increases in both reports for the period.

Going forward, we expect activity in the sector to remain positive, although we do not rule out a moderation given increased risks on several fronts, including: (1) Increased expectations of a global recession; (2) additional monetary tightening; and (3) the possibility of renewed inflationary pressures in light of recent OPEC+ actions, among others.

Industrial production



Source: INEGI, Banorte

Weekly international reserves report. Last week, net international reserves decreased by US\$131 million, closing at US\$202.3 billion (see table below). This was mainly due to a negative valuation effect in institutional assets. Year-to-date, central bank reserves have increased by US\$3.2 billion.

Banxico's foreign reserve accumulation details

US\$, million

	2022	Mar 31, 2023	Mar 31, 2023	Year-to-date
	Balance		Flows	
International reserves (B)-(C)	199,094	202,338	-131	3,243
(B) Gross international reserve	201,143	206,313	31	5,170
Pemex	--	--	0	0
Federal government	--	--	-25	2,220
Market operations	--	--	0	0
Other	--	--	57	2,950
(C) Short-term government's liabilities	2,049	3,976	162	1,927

Source: Banco de México

Expecting additional information regarding Banxico's next move, with the end of the tightening cycle in sight. In its last decision, the Board increased the reference rate by 25bps to 11.25%, in line with expectations. We believe the tone was less hawkish considering: (1) A unanimous decision, despite some possibility of a dissenter pushing for a higher rate; (2) changes in the forward guidance, talking about the next hike with hints of probability; and (3) modest adjustments to inflation forecasts, noting the one for the headline lower. As such, our attention will center on factors that will drive the decision for members, which will likely include price dynamics (both present and future), the relative monetary stance vs. the US –albeit with this factor seemingly losing some importance–, recent performance of domestic assets (mainly the MXN) and the overall evaluation of the tightening already accomplished.

On prices, the revisions were quite modest, noting a slight downward adjustment to the headline, with the core an inch higher. We should mention that considering [March's CPI print](#), forecasts for 1Q23 did come in line with expectations. Regarding the adjustment, Governor Victoria Rodríguez mentioned in an interview with *El Universal* that “...annual headline inflation was revised slightly lower as a result of an improvement in some factors...”. As such, we will be on the look over which factors these could be, with some hints coming from the updated balance of risks in the statement. Regarding the latter, while it remained tilted to the upside, we will be looking into changes in the factors –which at the moment we though suggested a more balanced view–, albeit also weighing [recent actions by OPEC+](#) and how these could impact conditions ahead.

Regarding the relative monetary stance, comments regarding Fed actions –along with other central banks– remained in the statement. However, considering comments from several Board members before the decision, its relative importance within their reaction function seems to have diminished. However, as concerns regarding the banking sector in the US and Europe have risen, opting to follow the Fed may prove to be the most cautious path ahead. Meanwhile, the market reaction in the immediate aftermath of the decision was relatively limited, with adjustments in the following days including gains in long-term rates –resulting in an additional flattening of the yield curve– and a very slight depreciation of the MXN. However, the latter remains resilient, in our view being a relevant driver behind the moderation in some components within CPI, particularly in goods.

About the next decision, the guidance stated that “...*the Board will take into account the inflation outlook, considering the monetary policy stance already attained...*”. In our view this phrasing leaves the door open either for Banxico to stand pat or to tighten further. Focusing on the policy stance, Deputy Governor Jonathan Heath posted on his Twitter account that the ex-ante real rate “...*reached 6.4% in this phase, which consists on reaching a terminal rate...*” (elaborating on the stages of the tightening cycle he mentioned in the [previous minutes](#)), while also adding that we now add six months in restrictive territory. In our view, the comment suggests that the end of the tightening cycle is relatively close, but still provides some flexibility. We have not had comments from other Board members regarding this, with the low volume likely related to the Easter holiday. As such, their statements within the document will be rather important.

All in all, we see the end of the tightening cycle rather soon. In particular, we expect one more 25bps hike in May’s decision, taking the rate to a terminal level of 11.50%. After this, we expect no additional moves in the remainder of the year, with cuts likely materializing in 1H24. However, we still believe risks remain tilted to the upside, with Banxico likely opting for more hikes if inflation proves to be sticky and/or if other adverse factors come into play.

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We, Alejandro Padilla Santana, Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, Alejandro Cervantes Llamas, Manuel Jiménez Zaldívar, Marissa Garza Ostos, Katia Celina Goya Ostos, Francisco José Flores Serrano, José Luis García Casales, Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro, José Itzamna Espitia Hernández, Carlos Hernández García, Leslie Thalía Orozco Vélez, Hugo Armando Gómez Solís, Yazmín Selene Pérez Enriquez, Cintia Gisela Nava Roa, Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez, José De Jesús Ramírez Martínez, Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo, Luis Leopoldo López Salinas, Isaías Rodríguez Sobrino, Paola Soto Leal, Daniel Sebastián Sosa Aguilar and Andrea Muñoz Sánchez, certify that the points of view expressed in this document are a faithful reflection of our personal opinion on the company (s) or firm (s) within this report, along with its affiliates and/or securities issued. Moreover, we also state that we have not received, nor receive, or will receive compensation other than that of Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V for the provision of our services.

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HOLD	When the share expected performance is similar to the MEXBOL estimated performance.
SELL	When the share expected performance is lower than the MEXBOL estimated performance.

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GRUPO FINANCIERO BANORTE S.A.B. de C.V.
Research and Strategy

Alejandro Padilla Santana	Chief Economist and Head of Research	alejandro.padilla@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4043
Raquel Vázquez Godínez	Assistant	raquel.vazquez@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2967
Itzel Martínez Rojas	Analyst	itzel.martinez.rojas@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2251
Lourdes Calvo Fernández	Analyst (Edition)	lourdes.calvo@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2611
María Fernanda Vargas Santoyo	Analyst	maria.vargas.santoyo@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000

Economic Research

Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA	Executive Director of Economic Research and Financial Markets Strategy	juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4046
Francisco José Flores Serrano	Director of Economic Research, Mexico	francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2957
Katia Celina Goya Ostos	Director of Economic Research, Global	katia.goya@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1821
Yazmin Selene Pérez Enriquez	Senior Economist, Mexico	yazmin.perez.enriquez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1694
Cintia Gisela Nava Roa	Senior Economist, Mexico	cintia.nava.roa@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000
Luis Leopoldo López Salinas	Manager Global Economist	luis.lopez.salinas@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2707

Market Strategy

Manuel Jiménez Zaldívar	Director of Market Strategy	manuel.jimenez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1671
-------------------------	-----------------------------	----------------------------	------------------

Fixed income and FX Strategy

Leslie Thalia Orozco Vélez	Senior Strategist, Fixed Income and FX	leslie.orozco.velez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1698
Isaías Rodríguez Sobrino	Strategist, Fixed Income, FX and Commodities	isaias.rodriguez.sobrino@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2144

Equity Strategy

Marissa Garza Ostos	Director of Equity Strategy	marissa.garza@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1719
José Itzamna Espitia Hernández	Senior Strategist, Equity	jose.espitia@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2249
Carlos Hernández García	Senior Strategist, Equity	carlos.hernandez.garcia@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2250
Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro	Senior Strategist, Technical	victorh.cortes@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1800
Paola Soto Leal	Strategist, Equity	paola.soto.leal@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 1746

Corporate Debt

Hugo Armando Gómez Solís	Senior Analyst, Corporate Debt	hugo.gomez@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2247
Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo	Analyst, Corporate Debt	gerardo.valle.trujillo@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2248

Quantitative Analysis

Alejandro Cervantes Llamas	Executive Director of Quantitative Analysis	alejandro.cervantes@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2972
José Luis García Casales	Director of Quantitative Analysis	jose.garcia.casales@banorte.com	(55) 8510 - 4608
Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez	Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis	miguel.calvo@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2220
José De Jesús Ramírez Martínez	Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis	jose.ramirez.martinez@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000
Daniel Sebastián Sosa Aguilar	Analyst, Quantitative Analysis	daniel.sosa@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000
Andrea Muñoz Sánchez	Analyst, Quantitative Analysis	andrea.munoz.sanchez@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000

Wholesale Banking

Armando Rodal Espinosa	Head of Wholesale Banking	armando.rodal@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1889
Alejandro Aguilar Ceballos	Head of Asset Management	alejandro.aguilar.cebillos@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1282
Alejandro Eric Faesi Puente	Head of Global Markets and Institutional Sales	alejandro.faesi@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1640
Alejandro Frigolet Vázquez Vela	Head of Sólida Banorte	alejandro.frigolet.vazquezvela@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1656
Arturo Monroy Ballesteros	Head of Investment Banking and Structured Finance	arturo.monroy.ballesteros@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 5140
Carlos Alberto Arciniega Navarro	Head of Treasury Services	carlos.arciniega@banorte.com	(81) 1103 - 4091
Gerardo Zamora Nanez	Head of Transactional Banking, Leasing and Factoring	gerardo.zamora@banorte.com	(81) 8173 - 9127
Jorge de la Vega Grajales	Head of Government Banking	jorge.delavega@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 5121
Luis Pietrini Sheridan	Head of Private Banking	luis.pietrini@banorte.com	(55) 5249 - 6423
Lizza Velarde Torres	Executive Director of Wholesale Banking	lizza.velarde@banorte.com	(55) 4433 - 4676
Oswaldo Brondo Menchaca	Head of Specialized Banking Services	osvaldo.brondo@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1423
Raúl Alejandro Arauzo Romero	Head of Transactional Banking	alejandro.arauzo@banorte.com	(55) 5261 - 4910
René Gerardo Pimentel Ibarrola	Head of Corporate Banking	pimentelr@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1051
Ricardo Velázquez Rodríguez	Head of International Banking	rvelazquez@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 5279
Víctor Antonio Roldan Ferrer	Head of Commercial Banking	victor.rolan.ferrer@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1899