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Retail sales recover slightly in May, but remain quite weak

- Retail sales (May): -23.7% y/y; Banorte: -21.6%; consensus: -20.0% (range: -22.9% to -17.5%); previous: -23.8%
- Performance was nearly identical to the previous month in annual terms, still showing the strong impact from measures taken to fight COVID-19
- In monthly terms, retail sales bounced back 0.8%, although only after the 22.5% decline observed in April. In this sense, the index remains very close to its historical low
- By sectors, internet sales stayed strong at +13.9% m/m, while other defensive categories, such as healthcare (+1.3%) and supermarket and departmental stores (-1.5%), were still relatively resilient
- Meanwhile, some of the most impacted sectors in April, such as clothing (-14.3%) and office and leisure (-5.9%), kept declining. On the contrary, auto and fuel increased 3.1%
- We expect an acceleration in June's recovery, aided by the relaxation of restrictions. Nevertheless, weakness in the annual comparison would prevail, with consumption fundamentals still deteriorated

Retail sales fall 23.7% y/y in May, marginally better. This was lower than consensus (-20.0%) but slightly closer to our forecast (-21.6%). Similar to April, performance was driven by the effects from the pandemic as social distancing measures remained very strict during the month. Typical consumption patterns stayed impacted as evidenced by sector performance. In this sense, essential categories –related to food and healthcare– remain strongest. On the contrary, those more exposed to closed stores, categorized as durables goods, and more sensitive to lower activity levels, were still very weak.

Monthly figures with a slight rebound, but highly differentiated by sector. Sales increased 0.8% m/m but only after the strong 22.5% decline in the previous month. Inside, only four of nine categories improved. Internet sales showed a strong performance with a 13.9% expansion, adding four months to the upside and benefited by its position as a substitute for several categories due to current conditions. Meanwhile, some essentials such as healthcare (+1.3%) rebounded after moderate losses in the previous month, although with others still declining, such as food and beverages (-4.1%). Moreover, supermarkets and departmental stores came in at -1.5%, with the former declining 1.5% after the strong pick up in March. The latter, showed a strong 3.2% increase, possibly benefited by discounts from the Hot Sale campaign, although starting from a very level in the previous month. The performance of the rest was mixed. Autos and fuel improved marginally (+3.1%), benefited by vehicles (+19.1%) but with gasoline still lower (-5.7%). In addition, appliances increased 8.0%, possibly also supported by discounts in the period. Meanwhile, clothing (-14.3%) and office and leisure (-5.9%) were sharply lower again, likely affected by store closures as well as lower purchasing power given weaker consumption fundamentals.

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www.banorte.com @analisis_fundam

Juan Carlos Alderete, CFA Director of Economic Research juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com

Francisco Flores Senior Economist, Mexico francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com

Winners of the award for best economic forecasters for Mexico in 2019, granted by *Refinitiv*



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Retail sales: May 2020

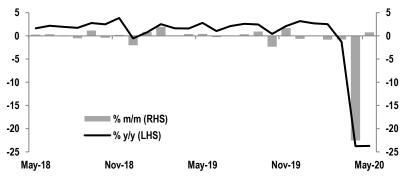
% m/m sa; % 3m/3m sa

	% m/m			% 3m/3m
	May-20	Apr-20	Mar-20	Mar-May'20
Retail sales	0.8	-22.5	-0.8	-15.9
Food, beverages, and tobacco	-4.1	-15.5	-6.6	-18.2
Supermarket, convenience, and departmental stores	-1.5	-18.9	9.3	-4.8
Clothing and shoes	-14.3	-63.5	-23.2	-57.5
Health care products	1.3	-2.2	2.8	1.8
Office, leisure, and other personal use goods	-5.9	-48.6	-17.1	-46.3
Appliances, computers, and interior decoration	8.0	-24.8	-10.2	-23.5
Glass and hardware shop	-1.0	-13.6	1.1	-8.9
Motor Vehicles, auto parts, fuel and lube oil	3.1	-28.0	-4.4	-21.9
Internet sales	13.9	7.0	7.2	17.5

Source: INEGI

Retail sales

% y/y (nsa), % m/m (sa)



Source: INEGI, Banorte

Retail sales likely to improve further in June. Although lower than our expectations, retail sales in May where still higher than in April, providing some support to our call that the latter was likely the weakest month when adjusted for seasonality. In our view, higher mobility -despite remaining low in absolute terms when compared to pre-pandemic levels- has likely helped. In turn, this may be driven by the relative support that it provides to small businesses, which have less possibility of using alternative distribution channels, such as selling via internet. Moreover, we think the gradual reopening of the economy, which accelerated in June, may also be a modest tailwind for services. In this sense, timelier data such as vehicle and ANTAD same-store sales suggest the sequential recovery may have gathered strength in June, despite staying very low in absolute levels and in the annual comparison. The former stood at 62,837 vehicles, above the previous month's 42,028, with the annual decline moderating to -41.1% y/y from -59% in April. The latter showed similar dynamics, albeit with less gains at -20.5% y/y vs -21.2% in real terms. Departmental stores remain the main laggard, declining 46.4%, while supermarkets have been relatively more resilient (-0.9%).

We expect consumers to remain cautious, dampening the strength of a potential rebound going forward. First and foremost, the pandemic's evolution –both globally and domestically– has been worse than expected, risking the possibility of additional lockdowns to stem contagion rates. Even if this were not the case as governments seem more reluctant to do so, high uncertainty associated with this will hit performance. The latter, along a higher risk of losing employment (given lower activity levels) and/or of getting sick, maintains incentives to save elevated.

In this sense, it is our take that sales' dynamics which remain heavily skewed towards essential goods- also support this situation. Coupled with expectations of a modest recovery and relatively low credit penetration (at around 20.5% of GDP), we see the latter lingering around. Although the unemployment rate ticked lower in May and job losses moderated in June, the harm already done by the pandemic to the labor market is an additional headwind that will take time to reverse. On the contrary, one positive aspect has been that remittances inflows stayed resilient until May. Although we recognize this may be a stronger support for consumption, we also think they will slow down as employment conditions in the US have worsened. Considering these factors, we maintain our forecast of a 9.0% y/y decline in private consumption for full-year 2020, with the monthly indicator so far exhibiting an accumulated contraction of 6.0% year-to-date until April. Nevertheless, the latter is likely to keep trending lower as it does not reflect the pandemic's impact at least in May and June, along expected pressures that will remain for the rest of the year as a result of a recovery that will likely be only gradual.

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We, Gabriel Casillas Olvera, Alejandro Padilla Santana, Delia María Paredes Mier, Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, Manuel Jiménez Zaldívar, Marissa Garza Ostos, Tania Abdul Massih Jacobo, Francisco José Flores Serrano, Katia Celina Goya Ostos, Santiago Leal Singer, José Itzamna Espitia Hernández, Valentín III Mendoza Balderas, Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro, Hugo Armando Gómez Solís, Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez, Luis Leopoldo López Salinas, Leslie Thalía Orozco Vélez, Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo, Eridani Ruibal Ortega and Juan Barbier Arizmendi, certify that the points of view expressed in this document are a faithful reflection of our personal opinion on the company (s) or firm (s) within this report, along with its affiliates and/or securities issued. Moreover, we also state that we have not received, nor receive, or will receive compensation other than that of Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. of C.V for the provision of our services.

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GRUPO FINANCIERO BANORTE S.A.B. de C.V.

Research and Strategy			
Gabriel Casillas Olvera	IRO and Chief Economist	gabriel.casillas@banorte.com	(55) 4433 - 4695
Raquel Vázquez Godinez	Assistant	raquel.vazquez@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2967
Lourdes Calvo Fernández	Analyst (Edition)	lourdes.calvo@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2611
Economic Research and Financial M	arket Strategy		
Alejandro Padilla Santana	Executive Director of Economic Research and Financial Markets Strategy	alejandro.padilla@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4043
Itzel Martínez Rojas	Analyst	itzel.martinez.rojas@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2251
Economic Research			
Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA Francisco José Flores Serrano	Director of Economic Research Senior Economist, Mexico	juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4046 (55) 1670 - 2957
Katia Celina Goya Ostos	Senior Economist, Global	katia.goya@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1821
Luis Leopoldo López Salinas	Economist, Global	luis.lopez.salinas@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2707
Market Strategy Manuel Jiménez Zaldívar	Director of Market Strategy	manuel.jimenez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1671
Fixed income and FX Strategy	Dirotor of Market Chategy	mandel.jmenez@banerie.com	(00) 0200 1011
Santiago Leal Singer	Senior Strategist, Fixed Income and FX	santiago.leal@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2144
Leslie Thalía Orozco Vélez	Strategist, Fixed Income and FX	leslie.orozco.velez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1698
Equity Strategy			
Marissa Garza Ostos	Director of Equity Strategy	marissa.garza@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1719
José Itzamna Espitia Hernández Valentín III Mendoza Balderas	Senior Strategist, Equity Senior Strategist, Equity	jose.espitia@banorte.com valentin.mendoza@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2249 (55) 1670 - 2250
Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro	Senior Strategist, Technical	victorh.cortes@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1800
Eridani Ruibal Ortega	Analyst	eridani.ruibal.ortega@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2755
Juan Barbier Arizmendi	Analyst	juan.barbier@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1746
Corporate Debt	Disaster of Company's Dabt	topic shell the sector some	
Tania Abdul Massih Jacobo Hugo Armando Gómez Solís	Director of Corporate Debt Senior Analyst, Corporate Debt	tania.abdul@banorte.com hugoa.gomez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1672 (55) 1670 - 2247
Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo	Analyst, Corporate Debt	gerardo.valle.trujillo@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2248
Economic Studies			
Delia María Paredes Mier	Executive Director of Economic Studies	delia.paredes@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1694
Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez	Senior Analyst, Economic Studies	miguel.calvo@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2220
Wholesale Banking			
Armando Rodal Espinosa	Head of Wholesale Banking	armando.rodal@banorte.com	(81) 8319 - 6895
Alejandro Aguilar Ceballos	Head of Asset Management	alejandro.aguilar.ceballos@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 9996
Alejandro Eric Faesi Puente	Head of Global Markets and Institutional Sales	alejandro.faesi@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1640
Alejandro Frigolet Vázquez Vela	Head of Sólida Banorte	alejandro.frigolet.vazquezvela@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1656
Arturo Monroy Ballesteros	Head of Investment Banking and Structured Finance	arturo.monroy.ballesteros@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1002
Carlos Alberto Arciniega Navarro	Head of Treasury Services	carlos.arciniega@banorte.com	(81) 1103 - 4091
Gerardo Zamora Nanez	Head of Transactional Banking, Leasing and Factoring	gerardo.zamora@banorte.com	(81) 8318 - 5071
Jorge de la Vega Grajales	Head of Government Banking	jorge.delavega@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 5121
Luis Pietrini Sheridan	Head of Private Banking	luis.pietrini@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1453
Lizza Velarde Torres	Executive Director of Wholesale Banking	lizza.velarde@banorte.com	(55) 4433 - 4676
Osvaldo Brondo Menchaca	Head of Specialized Banking Services	osvaldo.brondo@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1423
Raúl Alejandro Arauzo Romero	Head of Transactional Banking	alejandro.arauzo@banorte.com	(55) 5261 - 4910
René Gerardo Pimentel Ibarrola	Head of Corporate Banking	pimentelr@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 9004
Ricardo Velázquez Rodríguez	Head of International Banking	rvelazquez@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 5279
Víctor Antonio Roldan Ferrer	Head of Commercial Banking	victor.roldan.ferrer@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1454