

GFI significantly down in October, due to weakness in transportation

January 13, 2020

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Juan Carlos Alderete, CFA
Director of Economic Research
juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com

Francisco Flores
Senior Economist, Mexico
francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com

- **Gross fixed investment (October): -8.6% y/y (nsa); Banorte: -7.6%; consensus: -8.0% (range: -10.6% to -7.0%); previous: -6.8%**
- **As expected, GFI added a second month in contraction, falling 1.5% m/m (sa), strongly impacted by shocks in the auto sector, with transportation equipment down, both local (-7.8%) and imported (-2.5%)**
- **In addition, construction also edged-down 1.7% m/m, which is significant after the -5.2% in September. Nevertheless, more timely figures –such as the IP report– seem to be starting to point to a gradual recovery**
- **Signs of a recovery in investment in the short-term are still missing. Despite of the latter, we remain more positive about the outlook in 2020**

GFI contracts 8.6% y/y in October, with adverse shocks taking their toll. In the yearly comparison, investment declined once again, standing below both consensus (-8.0%) and our forecast (-7.6%), now adding 9 months in contraction. In this context, GFI accumulates a year-to-date fall of 5.2%, below our full-year forecast of 4.6%, adding even more downside risks. In line with our expectation, this month's figures were impacted by shocks in the auto sector, resulting in a 22.2% y/y fall in imported transportation equipment, while the domestic sector edged-down 5.6% ([Table 1](#), below). In our view, today's report confirms that investment remains as the weakest component within aggregate demand.

Weakness prevails, extending recent losses. In the monthly comparison, GFI fell 1.5% (sa), which comes on top of the previous month's 1.1% drop ([Chart 3](#)). This is explained by overall softness in investment, as machinery and equipment contracted 1.8%, while construction fell 1.7%. In the former, the situation is more concerning as it further extends on the decline observed in September. As we previously mentioned, the negative shock in the auto sector –which comprised the GM strike, as well as planned maintenance in Ford's and VW's plants– had a significant impact, as evidenced by the 7.8% and 2.5% reduction in domestic and imported transportation equipment, respectively ([Table 2](#)). We believe the first one was more heavily affected during October considering that GM's local production was still ongoing in September (as evidenced by the 4.2% uptick in this category in said month), while imported goods were halted when the strike started, on September 15th (with a 6.6% decline in the month).

Going into construction, the non-residential sector was the main drag at -1.7%, underperforming the residential category –which declined 1.2%– for a fourth consecutive month. As mentioned in previous publications, infrastructure spending from the Federal Government –which comprises a large part of non-residential construction– has been one of the main factors behind this behavior.

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In particular, in October, physical investment outlays were down 6.0% y/y in real terms according to public finance data, with heavy declines since last February. In this context, we believe that an uptick in the remainder of 2019 will be difficult to observe, as evidenced by the 20.8% decline in this type of spending for November.

Signs of a recovery in investment in the short-term are still missing. Despite of the latter, we remain more positive about the outlook in 2020. The scenario for the rest of 4Q19 remains bleak, as evidenced by more timely figures, such as November's trade balance –with capital imports down 11.3% y/y, its sixth consecutive month with double-digit declines–, and IP for the same month –showing construction at -3.4% y/y–. However, within the latter there were some positive signs, as edification managed to post a 0.8% expansion, its first increase since March. This came in a context of still muted business confidence, with declines in both October and November, in conjunction with financing costs that remain elevated.

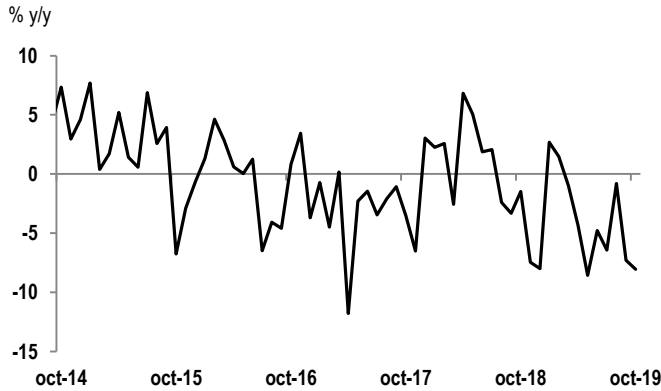
Nevertheless, there were some favorable developments toward the end of the year, which, while not necessarily having an impact in 2019, definitely set a more favorable scenario for this year. Among these, we highlight: (1) The agreement between the US and China which should stop further escalation in terms of trade tensions; (2) the renewed efforts to approve USMCA, with Mexico ratifying the new changes and with relevant advances set to move forward in the US this week; and (3) the infrastructure plan by the private sector announced last November, which could benefit overall investment as soon as early 2020. This should also be aided by further monetary easing from the central bank, which should in turn, help reduce financing costs. Despite of these improvements, we should note that there are still some headwinds for 2020, including the prospects of a deepening of the global decelerations as well as some relevant geopolitical risks, highlighting the Presidential Election in the US.

Table 1: Gross fixed investment
% y/y nsa

	Oct-19	Sep-19	Jan-Oct, '19	Jan-Oct, '18
Total	-8.6	-6.8	-5.2	2.5
Construction	-8.0	-7.3	-3.7	1.0
Residential	-6.4	-3.5	-2.3	3.1
Non-residential	-9.6	-10.7	-5.0	-0.9
Machinery and equipment	-9.3	-6.1	-7.3	4.5
Domestic	-5.7	-0.7	-4.6	-0.4
Transportation Equipment	-5.6	-0.9	-0.2	0.6
Other machinery and equipment	-5.8	-0.2	-11.5	-2.0
Imported	-11.6	-9.9	-9.0	8.0
Transportation Equipment	-22.2	-3.1	-2.8	5.6
Other machinery and equipment	-9.5	-10.9	-10.0	8.4

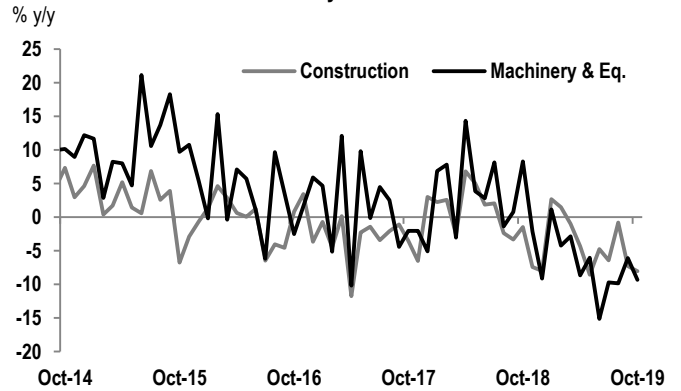
Source: INEGI

Chart 1: Gross fixed investment



Source: INEGI

Chart 2: Gross fixed investment by sector



Source: INEGI

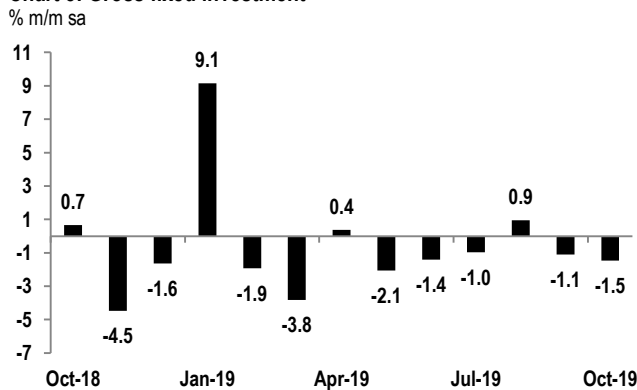
Table 2: Gross fixed investment

% m/m sa; % 3m/3m sa

	% m/m			% 3m/3m	
	Oct-19	Sep-19	Aug-19	Oct-Aug '19	Sep-Jul '19
Total	-1.5	-1.1	0.9	-1.4	-2.3
Construction	-1.7	-5.2	3.9	-1.5	-1.8
Residential	-1.2	-1.5	2.3	0.4	-1.1
Non-residential	-1.7	-5.0	1.9	-3.8	-3.4
Machinery and equipment	-1.8	0.8	1.3	-0.6	-2.5
Domestic	-6.3	4.9	-3.4	-3.4	-2.3
Transportation Equipment	-7.8	4.2	-5.1	-8.8	-7.4
Other machinery and equipment	-3.3	2.5	1.9	7.7	8.5
Imported	1.4	-2.1	4.5	2.1	-1.2
Transportation Equipment	-2.5	-6.6	-0.5	-4.0	3.4
Other machinery and equipment	2.2	-0.8	5.6	4.2	-1.1

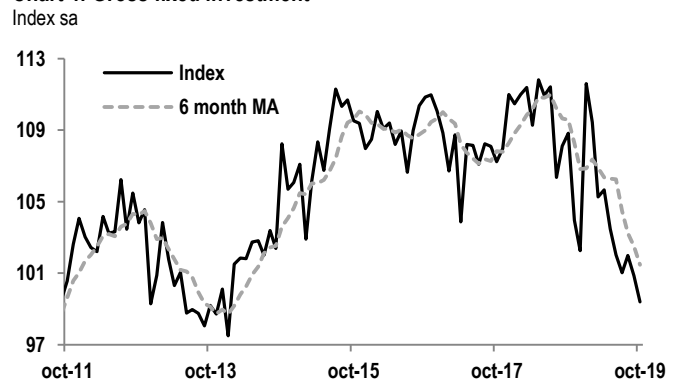
Source: INEGI

Chart 3: Gross fixed investment



Source: INEGI

Chart 4: Gross fixed investment



Source: INEGI

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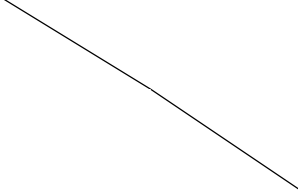
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GRUPO FINANCIERO BANORTE S.A.B. de C.V.
Research and Strategy

Gabriel Casillas Olvera	Chief Economist, Head of Research and IRO	gabriel.casillas@banorte.com	(55) 4433 - 4695
Raquel Vázquez Godínez	Assistant	raquel.vazquez@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2967
Lourdes Calvo Fernández	Analyst (Edition)	lourdes.calvo@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2611

Economic Research and Financial Market Strategy

Alejandro Padilla Santana	Executive Director of Economic Research and Financial Market Strategy	alejandro.padilla@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4043
Itzel Martínez Rojas	Analyst	itzel.martinez.rojas@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2251

Economic Research

Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA	Director of Economic Research	juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4046
Francisco José Flores Serrano	Senior Economist, Mexico	francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2957
Katia Celina Goya Ostos	Senior Economist, Global	katia.goya@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1821
Luis Leopoldo López Salinas	Economist, Global	luis.lopez.salinas@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2707

Market Strategy

Manuel Jiménez Zaldívar	Director of Market Strategy	manuel.jimenez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1671
-------------------------	-----------------------------	----------------------------	------------------

Fixed income and FX Strategy

Santiago Leal Singer	Senior Strategist, Fixed Income and FX	santiago.leal@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2144
Leslie Thalía Orozco Vélez	Strategist, Fixed Income and FX	leslie.orozco.velez@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1698

Equity Strategy

Marissa Garza Ostos	Director of Equity Strategy	marissa.garza@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1719
José Itzamna Espitia Hernández	Senior Strategist, Equity	jose.espitia@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2249
Valentín III Mendoza Balderas	Senior Strategist, Equity	valentin.mendoza@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2250
Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro	Senior Strategist, Technical	victorh.cortes@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1800
Jorge Antonio Izquierdo Lobato	Analyst	jorge.izquierdo.lobato@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 1746
Eridani Ruibal Ortega	Analyst	eridani.ruibal.ortega@banorte.com	(55) 1103 - 4000 x 2755

Corporate Debt

Tania Abdul Massih Jacobo	Director of Corporate Debt	tania.abdul@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1672
Hugo Armando Gómez Solís	Senior Analyst, Corporate Debt	hugoa.gomez@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2247
Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo	Analyst, Corporate Debt	gerardo.valle.trujillo@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2248

Economic Studies

Delia María Paredes Mier	Executive Director of Economic Studies	delia.paredes@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1694
Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez	Senior Analyst, Economic Studies	miguel.calvo@banorte.com	(55) 1670 - 2220

Wholesale Banking

Armando Rodal Espinosa	Head of Wholesale Banking	armando.rodal@banorte.com	(81) 8319 - 6895
Alejandro Eric Faesi Puente	Head of Global Markets and Institutional Sales	alejandro.faesi@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 1640
Alejandro Aguilar Ceballos	Head of Asset Management	alejandro.aguilar.cebillos@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 9996
Arturo Monroy Ballesteros	Head of Investment Banking and Structured Finance	arturo.monroy.ballesteros@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1002
Gerardo Zamora Nanez	Head of Transactional Banking, Leasing and Factoring	gerardo.zamora@banorte.com	(81) 8318 - 5071
Jorge de la Vega Grajales	Head of Government Banking	jorge.delavega@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 5121
Luis Pietrini Sheridan	Head of Private Banking	luis.pietrini@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1453
René Gerardo Pimentel Ibarrola	Head of Corporate Banking	pimentelr@banorte.com	(55) 5268 - 9004
Ricardo Velázquez Rodríguez	Head of International Banking	rvelazquez@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 5279
Víctor Antonio Roldan Ferrer	Head of Commercial Banking	victor.rolan.ferrer@banorte.com	(55) 5004 - 1454